Children are like seeds from different flowers.

First, they seem more similar than different in many ways.

Place these seeds in the earth and nourish them and they become very different.

Some will become small and delicate blossoms, some will be big and brilliant.

Some will be early bloomers and others will be late bloomers.

One thing is certain.

Given good conditions, they will all bloom with their own individual beauty.
What are the Sudbury Catholic District School Board’s Goals and Objectives for exceptional students?

GOALS

Schools under the jurisdiction of the Sudbury Catholic District School Board exist primarily to assist parents in developing, to the fullest the academic, the intellectual, spiritual, physical, cultural and moral growth of their children.

The aims of education for exceptional pupils are essentially the same as those for all other students.

A) To develop completely their individual talents as members of society and as unique and responsible Christian persons.
B) To provide them with opportunities to grow in Faith and in an understanding of the nature and purpose of life.

OBJECTIVES

A) To provide, within special education funding provided by the Ministry of Education, and other initiatives or opportunities, programs and services for students with special education needs according to the area of exceptionality defined by the Ministry of Education.
B) To co-operate with other school boards and community agencies when necessary in order to provide a full range of programs and services designed to meet the needs of students with diverse abilities.
C) To provide within special education funding provided by the Ministry of Education and other initiatives or opportunities, as many resources as possible and practical at the community school level such that most exceptional pupils can remain with their fellow pupils in the regular classroom.

The Education Act requires that school boards provide, or purchase from another board, special education programs and services for their exceptional pupils. The purpose of this parent’s guide is to provide you with information about the Identification, Placement, and Review Committee (IPRC), and to set out for you the procedures involved in identifying a pupil as “exceptional”, deciding the pupil’s placement, or appealing such decisions if you do not agree with the IPRC.

If, after reading this guide, you require more information, please see the Board’s list of contacts at the end of the document.

Notes:
- If you wish to receive this parents’ guide in Braille, large print, or audio format, please contact the Board at the address or telephone number shown on the last page of this guide.
- When used in this guide, the word “parent” includes guardian.
What is an Identification Placement and Review Committee (IPRC)?

Regulation 181/98 requires that all school boards set up IPRC’s. An IPRC is composed of at least three persons, one of whom must be a principal or supervisory officer of the board.

- School Principal (Chairperson or designate)
- Superintendent of School Effectiveness (or designate)
- Learning Support Services Consultant – Special Education (or designate)
- School Principal (of receiving school) (or designate)

Parents are invited and encouraged to attend the meeting.

What is the role of the IPRC?

The IPRC will:
- Decide whether or not your child should be identified as exceptional;
- Identify the areas of your child’s exceptionality, according to the categories and definitions of exceptionalities provided by the Ministry of Education and Training;
- Decide an appropriate placement for your child, regular class or special education class; and
- Review the identification and placement at least once in each school year.

Who is identified as an exceptional pupil?

The Education Act defines an exceptional pupil as “a pupil whose behavioural, communicational, intellectual, physical or multiple exceptionalities are such that he or she is considered to need placement in a special education program...” Students are identified according to the categories and definitions of exceptionalities provided by the Ministry of Education.

What are the Ministry of Education Categories and Definitions of Exceptionalities?

**Behaviour:** A learning disorder characterized by specific behaviour problems over such a period of time, and to such a marked degree, and of such a nature, as to adversely affect educational performance, and that may be accompanied by one or more of the following:
- An inability to build or maintain interpersonal relationships;
- Excessive fears or anxieties;
- A tendency to compulsive reaction;
- An inability to learn that cannot be traced to intellectual, sensory, or other health factors, or any combination thereof.

**Communication:**
- **Autism:** A severe learning disorder that is characterized by:
  - Disturbance in: rate of educational development; ability to relate to the environment, mobility, perception, speech, and language;
  - Lack of the representational symbolic behaviour that precedes language.
< Deaf and Hard of Hearing: An impairment characterized by deficits in language and speech development because of a diminished or non-existent auditory response to sound.

< Language Impairment: A learning disorder characterized by an impairment in comprehension and/or the use of verbal communication or the written or other symbol system of communication, which may be associated with neurological, psychological or sensory factors, and which may:
   a) Involve one or more of the form, content, and function of language in communication; and
   b) Include one or more of the following: Language delay; dysfluency; voice an articulation development, which may or may not be organically or functionally based.

< Speech Impairment: A disorder in language formation that may be associated with neurological, psychological, physical, or sensory factors; that may be characterized by impairment in articulation, rhythm, and stress.

< Learning Disability: One of a number of neurodevelopmental disorders that persistently and significantly has an impact on the ability to learn and use academic and other skills that:
   a) Affects the ability to perceive or process verbal or non-verbal information in an effective and accurate manner in students who have assessed intellectual abilities that are at least in the average range;
   b) Results in (a) academic underachievement that is inconsistent with the intellectual abilities of the student (which are at least in the average range) and/or (b) academic achievement that can be maintained by the student only with extremely high levels of effort and/or with additional support;
   c) Results in difficulties in the development and use of skills in one or more of the following areas: Reading, writing, mathematics, and work habits and learning skills;
   d) May typically be associated with difficulties in one or more cognitive processes, such as phonological processing; memory and attention; processing speed; perceptual-motor processing; visual-spatial processing; executive functions (e.g., difficulty in understanding social norms or the point of view of others); with various other conditions or disorders, diagnosed or undiagnosed; or with other exceptionalities;
   e) Is not the result of a lack of acuity in hearing and/or vision that has not been corrected; intellectual disabilities; socio-economic factors; cultural differences; lack of proficiency in the language of instruction; lack of motivation or effort; gaps in school attendance or inadequate opportunity to benefit from instruction.

Intellectual:
< Giftedness: An unusually advanced degree of general intellectual ability that requires differentiated learning experiences of a depth and breadth beyond those normally provided in the regular school program to satisfy the level of educational potential indicated.

< Mild Intellectual Disability: A learning disorder characterized by:
   a) An ability to profit educationally within a regular class with the aid of considerable curriculum modification and supportive service;
   b) An inability to profit educationally within a regular class because of slow intellectual development;
   c) A potential for academic learning, independent social adjustment, and economic self-support.
< Developmental Disability: A severe learning disorder characterized by:
   a) An inability to profit from a special education program for students with mild intellectual
disabilities because of slow intellectual development;
   b) An ability to profit from a special education program that is designed to accommodate slow
intellectual development;
   c) Limited potential for academic learning, independent social adjustment, and economic self-
support.

Physical:
< Physical Disability: A condition of such severe physical limitations or deficiency as to require
special assistance in learning situations to provide the opportunity for educational achievement
equivalent to that of pupils without exceptionalities who are of the same age or development
level.

< Blind and Low Vision: A condition of partial or total impairment of sight or vision that even with
correction affects educational performance adversely.

Multiple:
< Multiple Exceptionalities: A combination of learning or other disorders, impairments, or
physical disabilities, that is of such nature as to require, for educational achievement, the
services of one or more teachers holding qualifications in special education and the provision of
support services appropriate for such disorder, impairments, or disabilities.

What is a special education program?

A special education program is defined in the Education Act as an educational program that:
• Is based on and modified by the results of continuous assessment and evaluation; and
• Includes a plan (called an Individual Education Plan or IEP) containing specific objectives and an
outline of special education services that meet the needs of the exceptional pupil.

What are special education services?

Special education services are defined in the Education Act as the facilities and resources, including
support personnel and equipment, necessary for developing and implementing a special education
program.

What is an IEP?

The IEP, and Individual Education Plan, must be developed for your child, in consultation with you. It
must include:
• Specific educational expectations;
• An outline of the special education program and services that will be received;
• A statement about the methods by which your child’s progress will be reviewed; and
• For students 14 years and older (except those identified as exceptional solely on the basis of
giftedness), a plan for transition to appropriate post-secondary school activities, such as work,
further education, and community living.
The IEP must be completed within 30 school days after your child has been placed in the program, and the principal must ensure that you receive a copy of it.

How is an IPRC meeting requested?

The principal of your child’s school:
- Must request an IPRC meeting for your child, upon receiving your written request;
- May, with written notice to you, refer your child to an IPRC when the principal and the child’s teacher or teachers believe that your child may benefit from a special education program.

Within 15 days of receiving your request, or giving you notice, the principal must provide you with a copy of this guide and a written statement of approximately when the IPRC will meet.

May parents attend the IPRC meeting?

Regulation 181/98 entitles parents and pupils 16 years of age or older:
- To be present at and participate in all committee discussions about your child; and
- To be present when the committee’s identification and placement decision is made.

Who else may attend an IPRC meeting?

- The principal of your child’s school;
- Other resource people such as your child’s teacher, school special education staff, Learning Support Services staff, Superintendent of School Effectiveness, or the representative of an agency, who may provide further information or clarification;
- Your representative – that is, a person who may support you or speak on behalf of you or your child; and
- An interpreter, if one is required. (You may request the services of an interpreter through the principal of your child’s school.)

Who may request that others attend?

Either you or the principal of your child’s school may make a request for the attendance of others at the IPRC meeting.

What information will parents receive about the IPRC meeting?

At least 10 days in advance of the meeting, the chair of the IPRC will provide you with written notification of the meeting and an invitation to attend the meeting as an important partner in considering your child’s placement. This letter will notify you of the date, time, and place of the meeting, and it will ask you to indicate whether you will attend.

Before the IPRC meeting occurs, you will receive a written copy of any information about your child that the chair of the IPRC has received. This may include the results of assessments or a summary of information.
What if parents are unable to make the scheduled meeting?

If you are unable to make the scheduled meeting, you may;
- Contact the school principal to arrange an alternative date or time; or
- Let the school principal know you will not be attending, and as soon as possible after the meeting, the principal will forward to you, for your consideration and signature, the IPRC’s written statement of decision noting the decision of identification and placement and any recommendations regarding special education programs and services.

What happens at an IPRC meeting?

- The chair introduces everyone and explains the purpose of the meeting.
- The IPRC will review all available information about your child. They will:
  - Consider an educational assessment of your child;
  - Consider, subject to the provisions of the Health Care Consent Act, 1986, a health or psychological assessment of your child conducted by a qualified practitioner if they feel that such an assessment is required to make a correct identification or placement decision;
  - Interview your child, with your consent if your child is less than 16 years of age, if they feel it would be useful to do so; and
  - Consider any information that you submit about your child or that your child submits if he or she is 16 years of age or older.
- The committee may discuss any proposal that has been made about a special education program or special education services for the child. Committee members will discuss any such proposal at your request, or at the request of your child if the child is 16 years of age or older.
- You are encouraged to ask questions and join in the discussion.
- Following the discussion, after all the information has been presented and considered, the committee will make its decision.

What will the IPRC consider in making its placement decision?

Before the IPRC can consider placing your child in a special education class, it must consider whether placement in a regular class with appropriate special education services will meet your child’s needs, and be consistent with your preferences.

If, after considering all of the information presented to it, the IPRC is satisfied that placement in a regular class will meet your child’s needs and that such a decision is consistent with your preferences, the committee will decide in favour of placement in a regular class with appropriate special education support. If the committee decides that your child should be placed in a special education class, it must state the reasons for that decision in its written statement of decision.

What will the written statement of decision include?

The IPRC’s written statement of decision will state:
- Whether the IPRC has identified your child as exceptional;
- Where the IPRC has identified your child as exceptional;
- The categories and definitions of any exceptionalities identified, as they are defined by the Ministry of Education and Training;
- The IPRC’s description of your child’s strengths and needs;
- The IPRC’s placement decision; and
- The IPRC’s recommendations regarding a special education program and special education support;
- Where the IPRC has decided that your child should be placed in a special education class, the reasons for that decision.

What happens after the IPRC has made its decision?

- If you agree with the IPRC decision, you will be asked to indicate, by signing your name, that you agree with the identification and placement decisions made by the IPRC. The statement of decision may be signed at the IPRC meeting or taken home and returned.
- If the IPRC has identified your child as an exceptional pupil and you have agreed with the IPRC identification and placement decision, the board will promptly notify the principal of the school at which the special education program is to be provided, of the need to develop an Individual Education Plan (IEP) for your child.

Once a child has been placed in a special education program, can the placement be reviewed?

- A review IPRC meeting will be held within the school year, unless the principal of the school at which the special education program is being provided receives written notice from you, the parent, dispensing with the annual review.
- You may request a review IPRC meeting any time after your child has been in a special education program for 3 months.

What does a review IPRC consider and decide?

- With your written permission, the IPRC conducting the review will consider the progress your child has made in relation to the IEP. It will consider the same type of information that was originally considered by the IPRC, as well as any new information.
- The IPRC will review the placement and identification decisions and decide whether they should be continued or whether a different decision should now be made.

What can parents do if they disagree with the IPRC decision?

- If you do not agree with either the identification or placement decision made by the IPRC, you may;
  - Within 15 days of receipt of the decision, request that the IPRC hold a second meeting to discuss your concerns; or
  - Within 30 days of receipt of the decision, file a notice of appeal with the Director of Education and Secretary to the Board, Sudbury Catholic District School Board, 165A D’Youville Street, Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 5E7.
- If you do not agree with the decision after the second meeting, you may file a notice of appeal within 15 days of your receipt of the decision.
If you do not consent to the IPRC decision but you do not appeal it, the board will instruct the principal to implement the IPRC decision.

How do I appeal an IPRC decision?

If you disagree with the IPRC’s identification of your child as exceptional or with the placement decision of the IPRC, you may within 30 days of receipt of the original decision or within 15 days of receipt of the decision from the second meeting described above, give written notification of your intention to appeal the decision to the Director of Education and Secretary to the Board, Sudbury Catholic District School Board, 165A D’Youville Street, Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 5E7. The notice of appeal must:

- Indicate the decision with which you disagree; and
- Include a statement that sets out your reasons for disagreeing.

What happens in the appeal process?

The appeal process involves the following steps:

- The board will establish a special education appeal board to hear your appeal. The appeal board will be composed of three persons who have no prior knowledge of the matter under appeal, one of whom is to be selected by you, the parent.
- The chair of the appeal board will arrange a meeting to take place at a convenient time and place, but no later than 30 days after he or she has been selected (unless parents and board provide written consent to a later date.)
- The appeal board will receive the material reviewed by the IPRC and may interview any persons who may be able to contribute information about the matter under appeal.
- You, the parent, and your child, if he or she is 16 years old or over, are entitled to be present at, and to participate in, all discussions.
- The appeal board must make its recommendations within 3 days of the meeting ending. It may:
  - Agree with the IPRC and recommend that the decision be implemented; or
  - Disagree with the IPRC and make a recommendation to the board about your child’s identification, placement, or both.
- The appeal board will report its recommendations in writing, to you and to the school board, providing the reasons for its recommendations.
- Within 30 days of receiving the appeal board’s written statement, the school board will decide what action it will take with respect to the recommendations (boards are not required to follow the appeal board recommendation).
- You may accept the decision of the school board, or you may appeal to a Special Education Tribunal. You may request a hearing by writing to the secretary of the Special Educational Tribunal. Information about making an application to the tribunal will be included with the appeal board’s decision.

What special education programs and supports are provided by the board?

The Sudbury Catholic District School Board attempts to provide maximum growth and development opportunities of every pupil including those identified as exceptional.

The Learning Support Services Department is organized and operates to assist the community school in this challenging task. A team which includes academic consultants, psychometrists, attendance
counsellor, speech language pathologist and communication disorder assistants provide specialized assistance to pupils and teachers. This team of professionals works in close cooperation with the community school, parents, public health personnel, superintendents and all pertinent community agencies to address the particular needs of exceptional pupils.

Every school has a Special Education Resource Teacher and/or Learning Support Teacher who assist(s) in providing special education support to exceptional pupils at their home schools and in their regular classrooms. Specialist Teachers, including a Teacher of the Visually Impaired, provide additional specialized support to exceptional students in all schools.

Pupils with more complex needs, who require modified or alternative programming, may be placed in a specialized classroom. These special classes are located in various community schools throughout our school system.

In cooperation with the Rainbow District School Board and Health Sciences North, the Sudbury Catholic District School Board provides specialized programs and services for pupils with severe physical disabilities at the Health Sciences North’s Children’s Treatment Centre.

**What organizations are available to assist parents?**

Many parents organizations are available both locally and provincially to provide information and support to parents of exceptional children. Some of these organizations are listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>ADD/HD PARENT SUPPORT GROUP</strong></th>
<th><strong>AUTISM SOCIETY OF ONTARIO</strong> (Child and Community Resources)</th>
<th><strong>CANADIAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION</strong> (Sudbury and District B)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Centre for ADHD Awareness Canada 574 Loach’s Road Sudbury, Ontario P3E 2R1 705-523-4747</td>
<td>662 Falconbridge Road  Sudbury, Ontario P3A 4S4 705-222-5000 Ext. 2685</td>
<td>2141 Lasalle Blvd  Sudbury, Ontario P3A 2A3 705-670-1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CANADIAN HEARING SOCIETY</strong> (Sudbury) 1233 Paris Street  Sudbury, Ontario P3E 3B6 705-522-1020</td>
<td><strong>CANADIAN MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION</strong> 111 Elm Street  Sudbury, Ontario P3C 1T3 705-645-7252</td>
<td><strong>THE CANADIAN NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND</strong> 303 York Street  Sudbury, Ontario P3E 2A5 705-675-2468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CITY OF GREATER SUDBURY DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES</strong> 245 Mountain Street  Sudbury, Ontario P3B 2T8 705-674-1451 Ext. 236</td>
<td><strong>COMMUNITY LIVING GREATER SUDBURY</strong> 303 York Street  Sudbury, Ontario P3E 2A5 705-671-7181</td>
<td><strong>DOWN SYNDROME ASSOCIATION OF SUDBURY</strong> 705-522-8763</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EPILEPSY SUDBURY – MANITOULIN</strong></td>
<td><strong>LEARNING DISABILITIES ASSOCIATION OF SUDBURY</strong></td>
<td><strong>PARENTS ASSOCIATION FOR THE PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED</strong></td>
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</table>
| 303 York Street
Sudbury, Ontario
P3B 245
705-688-0188 | P.O. Box 21038
1935 Paris Street, Plaza 69
Sudbury, Ontario
705-522-0100 | 1204 St. Jerome Street
Sudbury, Ontario
P3A 2V9
705-523-7337 |

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<tr>
<th><strong>SUDBURY REGIONAL COUNCIL OF CATHOLIC SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION</strong></th>
<th><strong>TOURETTE SYNDROME FOUNDATION OF CANADA</strong></th>
<th><strong>ONTARIO HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION</strong></th>
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</table>
| Sudbury District Catholic School Board
165A D’Youville Street
Sudbury, Ontario
P3C 5E7
705-673-5620 | 705-523-2242 | [www.ohrc.on.ca](http://www.ohrc.on.ca)
7-800-387-9080 |

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<tr>
<th><strong>MANITOULIN-SUDBURY COMMUNITY CARE ACCESS CENTRE</strong></th>
<th><strong>CHILD AND COMMUNITY RESOURCES</strong></th>
<th><strong>CANADIAN CANCER SOCIETY</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 40 Elm Street, Unit 41-C
Sudbury, Ontario
P3C 1S8
705-522-3461 | 662 Falconbridge Road
Sudbury, Ontario
P3A 4S4
705-525-0055 | 1780 Regent Street
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 3Z8
705-670-1234 |

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<tr>
<th><strong>SUDBURY DISTRICT HEALTH UNIT CLINICAL SERVICES</strong></th>
<th><strong>CHILDREN’S COMMUNITY NETWORK</strong></th>
<th><strong>SUDBURY SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL</strong></th>
</tr>
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</table>
| 1300 Paris Street
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 3A3
705-522-9200 | 319 Lasalle Blvd.
Sudbury, Ontario
P3A 1W7
705-566-3416 | 30 St. Anne Road
Sudbury, Ontario
P3C 5E1
705-675-3894 |

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<tr>
<th><strong>N’SWAKOMOK NATIVE FRIENDSHIP CENTRE</strong></th>
<th><strong>BETTER BEGINNINGS BETTER FUTURES</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td>705-674-2128</td>
<td>705-671-1941</td>
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</table>
What are the ministry’s provincial and demonstration schools?

The ministry operates provincial and demonstration schools throughout Ontario for deaf, blind, deaf-blind, and severely learning-disabled students, as well as those with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). Residential programs are offered at the schools Monday to Friday, for students who live too far from school to travel daily.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School for the blind and deaf-blind</th>
<th>W. Ross MacDonald School</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>350 Brant Avenue</td>
<td>350 Brant Avenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brantford Ontario, N3T 3J9</td>
<td>Brantford Ontario, N3T 3J9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 519-759-0730</td>
<td>Phone: 519-759-0730</td>
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<tr>
<th>Demonstration schools for English-speaking Students with severe learning disabilities Including learning disabilities associated with ADHD</th>
<th>Amethyst School</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1090 Highbury Avenue</td>
<td>1090 Highbury Avenue</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 519-453-4400</td>
<td>Phone: 519-453-4400</td>
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<tr>
<th>Sagonaska School</th>
<th>Trillium School</th>
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<tr>
<td>350 Dundas Street South</td>
<td>347 Ontario Street South</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milton, Ontario, K8P 1B2</td>
<td>Milton, Ontario, L9T 3X9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 613-967-2830</td>
<td>Phone: 905-878-2851</td>
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<tr>
<th>Schools for the deaf</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ernest C. Drury School</td>
<td>Robarts School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255 Ontario Street South</td>
<td>1090 Highbury Avenue, P.O Box 7360 Station E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milton, Ontario, L9T 2M5</td>
<td>London, Ontario, N5Y 4V9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 905-878-2851, TTY: 905-878-7195</td>
<td>Phone/TTY: 519-453-4400</td>
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<tr>
<th>Sir James Whitney School</th>
<th>W. Ross MacDonald School</th>
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<tr>
<td>350 Dundas Street West</td>
<td>350 Brant Avenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belleville, Ontario, K8P 1B2</td>
<td>Brantford, Ontario, N3T 3J9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone/TTY: 613-967-2823</td>
<td>Phone: 519-759-0730</td>
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Where can parents obtain additional information?

Additional information can be obtained from the Sudbury Catholic District School Board website [www.scdsb.edu.on.ca](http://www.scdsb.edu.on.ca) and

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Superintendents of School Effectiveness</th>
<th>Learning Support Services</th>
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<tr>
<td>Sudbury Catholic District School Board</td>
<td>Sudbury Catholic District School Board</td>
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<tr>
<td>165A D’Youville Street</td>
<td>165A D’Youville Street</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 5E7</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 5E7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 705-673-5620 Ext. 300</td>
<td>Phone: 705-673-5620 Ext. 204 or Ext. 230</td>
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<tr>
<td>4500 St. Michel Street</td>
<td>2993 Algonquin Road</td>
<td>539 Francis Street</td>
<td>1940 Hawthorn Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hanmer, Ontario, P3P 1M8</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 4X5</td>
<td>Hanmer, Ontario, P3P 1E6</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3A 1M8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 705-969-2101</td>
<td>Phone: 705-523-9235</td>
<td>Phone: 705-969-2212</td>
<td>Phone: 705-566-9605</td>
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<th>St. Charles School</th>
<th>St. David School</th>
<th>St. Francis School</th>
<th>Holy Cross</th>
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<tr>
<td>26 Charlotte Street</td>
<td>350 Jean Street</td>
<td>691 Lilac Street</td>
<td>2997 Algonquin Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chelmsford, Ontario, POM 110</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 2S8</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 4E2</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 4X5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 705-855-4955</td>
<td>Phone: 705-674-4096</td>
<td>Phone: 705-674-0701</td>
<td>Phone: 705-586-3686</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Holy Trinity</th>
<th>Immaculate Conception School</th>
<th>St. James School</th>
<th>St. John School</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1945 Hawthorne Drive</td>
<td>1748 Pierre Street</td>
<td>280 Anderson Drive</td>
<td>181 William Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3A 0C1</td>
<td>Val Caron, Ontario, P3N 1C5</td>
<td>Lively, Ontario, P3Y 1M5</td>
<td>Garson, Ontario, P3L 1T7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone: 705-470-5123</td>
<td>Phone: 705-897-4483</td>
<td>Phone: 705-692-3974</td>
<td>Phone: 705-693-2213</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>St. Joseph School</th>
<th>St. Mark School</th>
<th>Marymount Elementary Academy and Marymount Academy</th>
<th>St. Paul School</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>8 St. Paul Street</td>
<td>13 Church Street</td>
<td>165 D’Youville Street</td>
<td>1 Edward Street</td>
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<tr>
<td>Killarney, Ontario, P0M 2A0</td>
<td>Markstay, Ontario, P0M 2G0</td>
<td>Sudbury, Ontario, P3C 5E7</td>
<td>Conistion, Ontario, P0M 1M0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone: 705-287-2712</td>
<td>Phone: 705-853-4535</td>
<td>Phone: 705-674-4231</td>
<td>Phone: 705-694-4482</td>
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| Pius XII School                          |                                                                     |                                                    |                     |
|------------------------------------------|                                                                     |                                                    |                     |
| 44 Third Avenue                          |                                                                     |                                                    |                     |
| Sudbury, Ontario, P3B 3P8                |                                                                     |                                                    |                     |
| Phone: 705-566-6080                      |                                                                     |                                                    |                     |